

What does Svalbard and Jan Mayen stand for?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen (Norwegian: Svalbard og Jan Mayen, ISO 3166-1 alpha-2: SJ, ISO 3166-1 alpha-3: SJM, ISO 3166-1 numeric: 744) is a statistical designation defined by ISO 3166-1 for a collective grouping of two remote jurisdictions of Norway: Svalbard and Jan Mayen.

What do Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common that they are the only integrated parts of Norway not allocated to counties. While a separate ISO code for Svalbard was proposed by the United Nations, it was the Norwegian authorities who took initiative to include Jan Mayen in the code. Its official language is Norwegian.

What is a Svalbard & Jan Mayen islands?

The United Nations Statistics Division also uses this code, but has named it the Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands. Svalbard is an archipelago in the Arctic Ocean under the sovereignty of Norway, but is subject to the special status granted by the Svalbard Treaty.

What is Svalbard & Jan Mayen in ISO 3166-2?

ISO 3166-2: SJ is the entry for Svalbard and Jan Mayen in ISO 3166-2, a system for assigning codes to subnational administrative divisions. However, further subdivision for Svalbard and Jan Mayen occurs under Norway's entry, ISO 3166-2: NO:

Who governs Svalbard?

The archipelago is administered by the Governor of Svalbard, which is subordinate to the Norwegian Ministry of Justice and Public Security. Unlike the rest of Norway (including Jan Mayen), Svalbard is a free economic zone and a demilitarized zone, and is not part of the Schengen Area nor the European Economic Area.

1 World Bank Income Classification as of the Fiscal Year 2023 2 GDP, Power Purchasing Parity (constant 2017 international \$) from the World Development Indicators 3 Population, total from the World Development Indicators

Jan Mayen is a volcanic island in the Arctic Ocean located at the border of the Norwegian Sea and the Greenland Sea. The single island covers an area of 377 square kilometres (146 sq mi) and is dominated by the 2,277-metre (7,470 ft) tall Beerenberg volcano. The island's only population is a combined military and meteorological outpost that operates a LORAN-C transmitter at ...

Jan Mayen ist eine 373 km² große Insel etwa 550 km nördlich von Island und rund 500 km östlich von Grönland [1] an der Grenze zwischen der Grönlandsee und dem Europäischen Nordmeer. Sie gehört politisch zu Norwegen, ist aber keiner der norwegischen Provinzen zugeordnet. Die Insel wird von der Provinz Nordland verwaltet; der zuständige

Verwaltungssitz ...

Svalbard y Jan Mayen es una denominación utilizada por la ISO 3166-1 [1] con fines estadísticos, en el que se agrupan dos territorios de Noruega con jurisdicciones separadas: Svalbard y Jan Mayen.. Bandera de Noruega, utilizada para representar a Svalbard y Jan Mayen. Ubicación de Svalbard.. El archipiélago ártico de Svalbard se encuentra totalmente bajo soberanía noruega ...

Surface mass and energy balance of Sørbrän, Jan Mayen, 2008 - Volume 51 Issue 55. ... Jan Mayen is a Norwegian island situated in the North Atlantic Ocean ... Climate statistics and long-term series of temperature and precipitation at Svalbard and Jan Mayen. Oslo, Det Norske Meteorologiske Institutt. (DNMI KLIMA Rapp. 21/97.)

The gross salary range for people working in Svalbard and Jan Mayen is typically from 12,035 NOK (minimum salary) to 38,101 NOK (highest average, actual maximum salary is higher). This is the total monthly salary including bonuses. Salaries can vary drastically among different job categories. If you are interested in the salary of a particular ...

The Polish government notified the commission of its intent to utilise the TCTF for this purpose. The funding for the scheme will come from a combination of the Modernisation Fund and the Recovery and Resilience Facility, following the EC's positive assessment of Poland's Recovery and Resilience Plan and its formal adoption by the European Council.

Por isso, Jan Mayen não tem nenhuma ligação administrativa a Svalbard, estando separada por mais de mil quilômetros de distância. Embora existam essas diferenças entre Svalbard e Jan Mayen, a ISO considera ambas um só órgão de acordo com a 3166-1, sendo uma preferência do Ministério da Noruega incluir Jan Mayen nesse sistema. [6]

Svalbard et Jan Mayen. Svalbard et Jan Mayen est un terme statistique qui fait référence à deux territoires norvégiens de l'océan Arctique : . l'archipel de Svalbard (ou plus souvent l'archipel du Spitzberg en français, bien que le nom ne désigne normalement que la plus grande île de l'archipel), et; l'île Jan Mayen, (non loin du nord-est de l'Islande, ou à l'est du ...

Svalbard and Jan Mayen are collectively assigned the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country-code "SJ". ... the darker surface of which absorbs more solar energy instead of reflecting it back; as a result, these waters heat up and further ice in the area melts faster and faster, creating more open waters, etc. A temperature increase of between 7 and 10 ...

Svalbard e Jan Mayen (in norvegese Svalbard og Jan Mayen) è una classificazione statistica definita dallo standard ISO 3166-1 [1] di due territori insulari della Norvegia settentrionale (Isole Svalbard e Jan Mayen). Svalbard e Jan Mayen sono anche accomunate dallo stesso dominio di primo livello nazionale, .sj.

The area potentially concerned stretches from Svalbard to Jan Mayen Island, covering 280 000 square kilometers of Arctic seabed. Despite protests and warnings from environmental organizations, scientists and many ...

Climate gases in Svalbard; Air temperature and precipitation; UV in Ny-Ålesund; Ocean. The transport of freshwater through the Fram Strait; Thickness of sea ice in the Arctic Ocean measured in the Fram Strait; Sea ice extent in the Barents ...

May Weather in Longyearbyen Svalbard & Jan Mayen. Daily high temperatures increase by 11°F, from 24°F to 35°F, rarely falling below 14°F or exceeding 40°F. Daily low temperatures increase by 14°F, from 16°F to 30°F, rarely falling below 4°F or exceeding 35°F. For reference, on July 21, the hottest day of the year, temperatures in Longyearbyen typically range from 41°F to 47°F ...

Die Svalbard und Jan Mayen sind damit das 25st-größte Land in Europa und weltweit auf Rang 126. Mit 0,041 Einwohnern pro km² ist es zudem das am dñnnsten besiedelte Land in Europa. Die Inselgruppe besteht aus rund 400 teilweise unbewohnten Inseln. Die Svalbard und Jan Mayen haben keine direkt angrenzenden Nachbarländer.

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